

AeroDR Implementation Guide For In-Room and Portables



KONICA MINOLTA

Contents

IMPLEMENTATION OVERVIEW	4
Pre-Site.....	4
Installation	4
Applications.....	4
ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	5
PRESITE ACTIVITIES OVERVIEW.....	5
Equipment Location Considerations	5
Construction.....	6
Equipment Staging Area	6
X-Ray Console/Generator Connection.....	7
Sample System Layout	7
Summary of Electrical and Networking Requirements.....	8
In-Room.....	8
Portable.....	8
Stitching	8
Electrical Power Requirements.....	8
Electrical Safety.....	8
Electrical Site Requirements	9
Network Requirements.....	9
Wireless Survey.....	9
In-Room and Stitching Networking Configuration.....	9
Portable Network Configuration.....	11
Remote Maintenance Options.....	12
Aero DR Stitching	12
Workflow Considerations	12
Space Considerations.....	13
Construction Requirements.....	13
Electrical Requirements	13
Network Requirements.....	13

Existing Equipment Requirements	13
Procedure Code Mapping Overview	14
INSTALLATION OVERVIEW	15
Shipment of System	15
Installation of System	15
APPLICATIONS OVERVIEW	16
Configuration	16
Training	16
Clinical Applications Training Guidelines	16
Training Schedule	16
Required Participants	16
Important Training Information	16
Duration of Training	17
Additional Training Opportunities	17
APPENDIX A - Technical Specifications	18
AeroDR Detectors	18
AeroDR Interface Unit (I/F)	19
AeroDR Generator Interface Unit (X/G)	20
AeroDR Docking Station (14x17 & 17x17)	21
AeroDR Docking Station (10x12)	22
AeroDR Wireless Access Point	23
Control Station Computer	24
Control Station Monitor	25
Portable Retrofit Unit	26
Portable CS-7 CPU/Monitor	27
AeroDR Stitching Unit	28
AeroDR Stitching X-Ray Auto Barrier Unit	29
AeroDR Stitching Power Supply Unit	30
APPENDIX B - Procedure Code Mapping	31

IMPLEMENTATION OVERVIEW

Your AeroDR Implementation has three key activities:



Pre-Site

The purpose of the pre-site is to insure site readiness on the date of install. The activity entails either an on-site visit or a scheduled conference call. This meeting is conducted by the Konica Minolta Medical Imaging (KMMI) Field Service Engineer (FSE) and should include key people from your site as defined in the roles and responsibilities section below. The purpose of the pre-site activity is to review the complete system(s) that will be installed, review the physical layout of your x-ray rooms or areas of portable service, and to discuss all necessary data, technical, and physical site requirements that must be completed prior to the installation. Your organization will be contacted by KMMI or our representative to schedule this activity.

Installation

Activities include system shipment to your site location and installation of the equipment in your facilities.

Applications

Activities include system configuration and applications training. The training will be scheduled based on the KMMI system(s) purchased and all training will take place at your site after completion of your installation.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Site Radiology Manager	• Assist in Pre-site Activities • Insure Site Readiness for Installation • Complete Procedure Code Mapping tool prior to Installation • Assign Super users for Applications Training • Adjust patient schedule during installation and applications • Facilitate Interface with lead personnel for Image Quality approval
Site IT Contact	• Assist in Pre-site Activities • Make decision on networking connectivity • Provide IP Addresses required prior to install • Provide network connectivity during install • Be available during install to assist in network connectivity issues
Site Facilities Manager	• Assist in Pre-site Activities • Install any needed electrical or network outlets prior to install • Perform any construction and changes to physical layout prior to install • Be available during install for any wiring and drilling
Site PACS Administrator	• Assist in Pre-site Activities • Provide information for DICOM Modalities • Be available during install to insure connectivity to PACS/RIS
Konica Minolta Field Service Engineer (FSE)	• Perform Pre-site Activities • Perform Physical Equipment Installation
Konica Minolta Applications Specialist	• Assist Customer in creation of Procedure Codes Mapping File • Perform Training Activities
Konica Minolta Project Coordinator	• Contact Site regarding schedule for all installation activities • Key point of contact for the customer

PRESITE ACTIVITIES OVERVIEW

Equipment Location Considerations

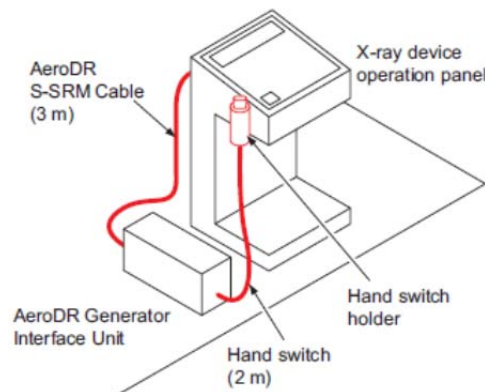
Identifying where you will place your AeroDR system components is important for the optimization of workflow efficiencies. During the pre-site visit, the Konica Minolta Medical Imaging (KMMI) Field Service Engineer (FSE) or dealer representative will review equipment location and workflow. Please ensure the installation site satisfies the conditions listed below:

- Install the device in a location where it is not exposed to water or floor wax.
- Install the device in a location where there is no likelihood of being adversely affected by atmospheric pressure, temperature, humidity, drafts, dust or air containing salt, sulfur, etc.
- Install the device on a flat surface where it is free from physical shock (also avoid physical shocks)

during transportation).

- Install the device in a location where chemical agents are not stored.
- Install the device in a location where no gas is generated.
- Install the device in a location where there are no electrical noise sources.
- Install all cables in such a way no one will trip. This may require concealing cables in conduit or wiring chase. This depends on your facility's guidelines / requirements.
- Install the devices in a location where the air inlet and outlet are not blocked.
- Do not install the Aero DR Interface Unit (I/F) and the Aero DR Generator Interface Unit (X/G) on top of each other.

It is suggested that the AeroDR Interface unit (I/F), Generator Interface (X/G), and CS-7 system be located as close to the console as possible. Only the Generator Interface (X/G) box has a direct connection to the X-ray console. A specifically constructed cable for your model of X-ray console is required. This cable's maximum length is 9 foot (3m). See the image below for an example.



Construction

Depending on the location of the AeroDR system components, numerous wires (network, grounding cables, and power) require routing and controlling. It is the responsibility of the facility to ensure all wiring is positioned within their guidelines, safety requirements, local electrical code, or other requirements not known by KMMI. **Any pre-install construction and any other construction type work required during installation is the responsibility of the site. Any construction or modification to the X-Ray room or control area required to support the installation will need to be completed prior to the first day of the AeroDR system installation.**

Equipment Staging Area

For a more efficient installation, we request the site identify an available area or room to use as a staging area for installation. The space will need to be large enough to unpack all of the boxes. It should also contain multiple power outlets to completely configure the system outside of the x-ray room. This will minimize the downtime impact during installation. For portables, an unused or little-used x-ray area is ideal since this will allow for panel calibrations.

Summary of Electrical and Networking Requirements

The following charts summarize the IP Address, Network Cable and Electrical Outlet Requirements for the AeroDR In-Room, Portable, and Stitching systems. These requirements are for **each** system that will be installed.

In-Room

Equipment	IP Address	Network Cable	Outlet
Control Station (CS-7) PC & Monitor	1	1	2
Interface (I/F) Unit		1	1
Generator Interface Unit (X/G)	1		
Flat Panel Detector (FPD)	2		
Docking Station		1	1
Wireless Access Point	1	1	

Portable

Equipment	IP Address	Network Cable	Outlet
Control Station (CS-7) PC & Monitor	2 (one wired, one wireless)	1	2
Interface (I/F) Unit			
Generator Interface Unit (X/G)	1		
Flat Panel Detector (FPD)	2		
Docking Station		1	1
Wireless Access Point	1		

Stitching

Equipment	IP Address	Network Cable	Outlet
Stitching Stand	1	1	
Power Unit			1
Barrier Unit			

Electrical Power Requirements

Electrical Safety

Extension cords or power strips should not be utilized. You must plug the power cables of the AeroDR components directly into grounded wall outlets.



Electrical Site Requirements

Electrical Outlets required for the AeroDR components are outlined above in the section “Summary of Electrical and Networking Requirements.” The site will need to insure the proper number of electrical outlets in the area of AeroDR installation prior to the installation. The location of the current electrical outlets and the need to install new outlets will be covered during the pre-site visit. Depending on the location of the AeroDR system components, numerous wires (network, grounding cables, and power) require routing and controlling.

It is the responsibility of the facility to ensure all wiring is positioned within their guidelines, safety requirements, local electrical code, or other requirements not known by KMMI.

Network Requirements

Wireless Survey

If the wireless communication feature of AeroDR is to be used, KMMI will also need to complete a wireless frequency investigation. The analysis needs to be completed in the X-ray exposure areas. The survey will determine the optimal position of the wireless access point and which wireless channel will be used. The wireless survey takes approximately 20 minutes per X-ray room.

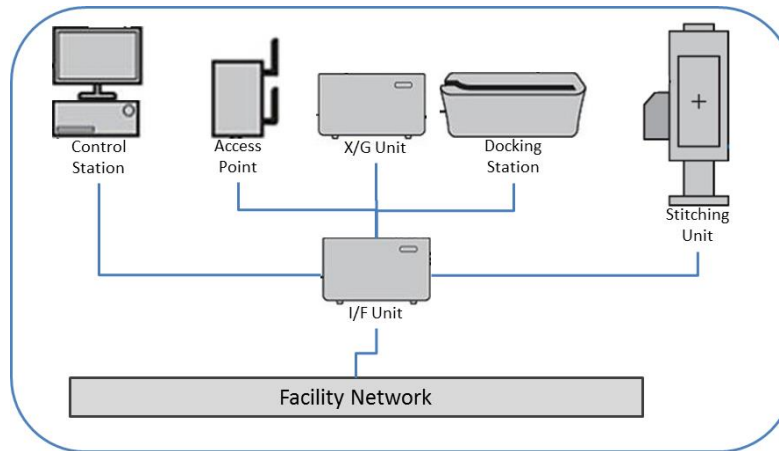
In-Room and Stitching Networking Configuration

There are three options on how to configure the AeroDR network for in-room systems which is largely determined by how your facility will allow the AeroDR system to connect to your network and the security policy at your site. During the pre-site visit, a trained FSE will work with you to determine the optimal solution for the site.

Option #1 – Network all Component through I/F Box (shown in most AeroDR drawings)

All components’ network cables go back to the I/F unit. Only one network cable goes to the facility network from the I/F unit.

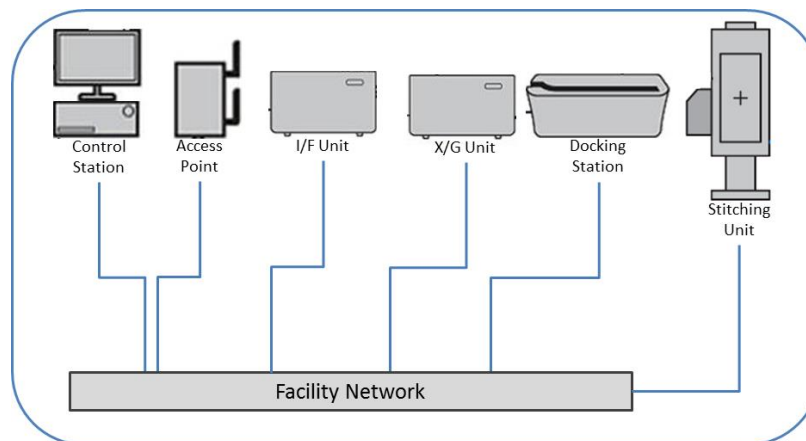
- Benefits: Communication between Aero devices quicker; allows for roaming
- Disadvantages: Requires 5 IP addresses; Does not work if site will not allow multiple MAC addresses on one port



Option #2 – Network all Components direct to Facility

Each component sits on the facility network. Typically, this installation would occur if there is a network security requirement that each unit with IP address is visible on the network.

- Benefits: Allow roaming
- Disadvantages: Communication between Aero devices slower; Requires 5 IP addresses

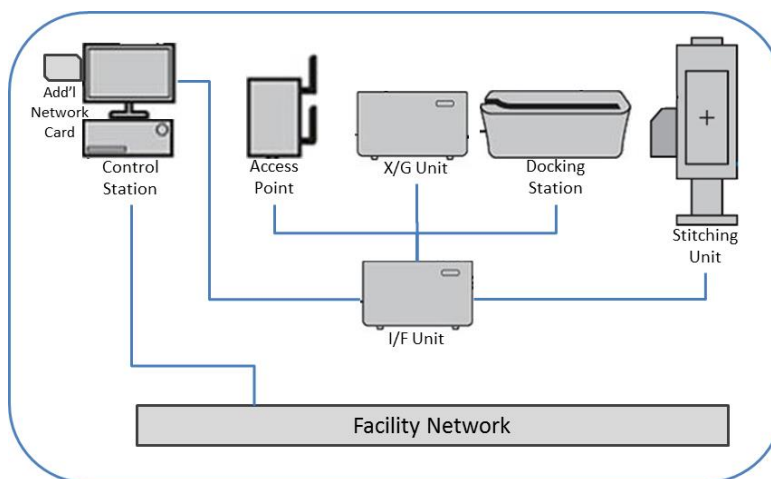


Option #3 – 2nd Network Card

A 2nd network card is added to the Control Station (CS-7). All components go back to the I/F Unit. CS7 goes to the facility network. The 2nd Network card is all your site will see on the network and communicates directly to PACS/RIS.

- Benefits: Quicker Communication; Only requires 1 IP Address; Communication between Aero DR components is on self-contained networking scheme

- Disadvantages: Does not allow roaming; some optional software (Study sharing, Statistical Analysis) is not fully functional; may not allow remote access (depends on facility if 2nd network card can access internet)



Portable Network Configuration

There are two options to configure the AeroDR network for portable system based on whether your site wants the portable fully wireless or wired to your network. If your site chooses to go fully wireless and does not open up the radiology wireless network in patient rooms or other areas within the site, there may be locations or rooms in which the portable unit may not be able to access the network. If the wireless network does not reach PACS/RIS systems, the system user will need to drive portable back to a wireless access location or use wired connection into the network to send the images back to PACS/RIS. There is also the option to have both a wired/wireless connection.

Option #1 – Connected to the facility wired network

- Benefits: Allows for roaming; Allows for PACS/RIS communication if the facility wireless network is not functioning; Docking station remains on wired network at all times; Easier for remote access
- Disadvantages: Need five IP addresses

Option #2 – Not connected to the facility wired network

- Benefits: Only need one wireless IP address
- Disadvantages: Does not allow roaming; Unable to connect to PACS/RIS via wired network if needed; Network cable for docking station needs to be plugged directly into portable for upgrades or service (remote or in-person)

Remote Maintenance Options

There are two remote maintenance options available for remote access, software updates, and repairs. The recommended remote maintenance system is our web-based R2 Enhanced Remote Maintenance system. However if the site does not allow for internet access to the AeroDR System, a VPN can be utilized. Details on both options are outlined below:

R2 - Enhanced Remote Maintenance

The Enhanced Remote Maintenance system utilizes a transparent piece of software that runs in the background on the AeroDR system. For ease of implementation and quality of remote diagnostic service, the preferred method is the Enhanced Remote Maintenance. This requires broadband Internet access to the KMMI system using the https security protocols (the same methods used in on-line banking). As long as https is authorized, then our software can communicate with us.

Virtual Private Network

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is a private data network that makes use of the public telecommunications infrastructure, while maintaining privacy through the use of a tunneling protocol and security procedures. VPN permits secure, encrypted connections between remote users such as a service provider and the Hospital network. VPN's provide the highest level of security using advanced encryption and authentication protocols that protect data from unauthorized access. KMMI maintains all VPN login user names and passwords in a central database. Access to this information is monitored. All connections to our client sites are logged. If your site encounters a network problem with your KMMI Radiography equipment, the VPN will allow KMMI's centralized Technical Support Team to access your systems remotely in order to quickly verify the issue. If it can be resolved by technical support via VPN, this will decrease your down time and greatly lessen the impact on your department and patient care. If the problem cannot be resolved remotely and requires on-site service, VPN will provide the Field Service Engineer who responds to the call with an accurate description of the problem, as well as other important information, such as any parts that may be needed.

Aero DR Stitching

Workflow Considerations

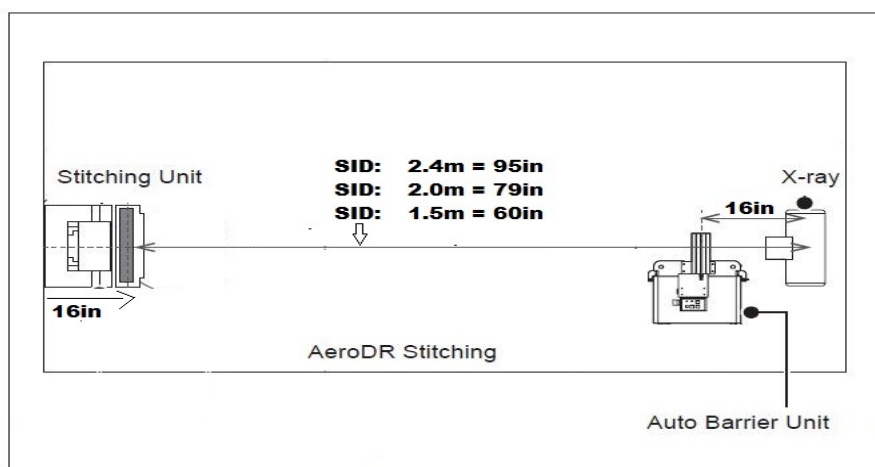
The layout of the stitching components is critical for an efficient workflow during the stitching process. The barrier unit, stitching unit and X-ray will need to be easily accessible by the X-ray room Technician. The Stitching unit should be installed in an open area and have wheelchair accessibility. The docking station for the AeroDR panel should also be placed close by the unit for easy workflow.

Space Considerations

There is minimum distance required in the room between the x-ray tube and front of the Wall Stand depending on the masking size for the stitching unit to work properly. The below minimum measurements are from between the tube and front of the wall unit. The stitching unit wall stand is 16 inches away from the wall.

Masking	Distance from Tube -Stand	Distance Tube -Wall
2.4	95 Inches / 2.4 M	111 Inches
2.0	79 Inches / 2.0 M	95 Inches
1.5	60 Inches / 1.5 M	76 inches

A visual of the space requirement is also provided below:



Construction Requirements

Drilling is required on floor and/or wall to secure the stitching stand in place. Floor drilling is required to insert guides for the barrier unit. Additional construction may be required for the network and electrical requirements and for a shelf or table for placement of the power unit.

Electrical Requirements

One electrical outlet is required for the stitching unit.

Network Requirements

One additional IP address will be required for the stitching unit. A network jack is also required by the stitching stand.

Existing Equipment Requirements

The cross hairs on the collimation lens must be a single cross hair. The Barrier Slit sensors read the light from the collimation and if 2-lines are detected, the Stitching unit could encounter errors. If the collimation lens has a double cross or any other marking beside a single cross hair, this should be changed out in advance of the installation of the stitching unit. Checking the collimation shield should be a visual check.

Please review below pictures below for a clear display of differences.



Cannot use Stitching



Cannot use for Stitching



Correct Collimator Shield,
Can use for Stitching.



If your site has the 2-Cross hairs on the X-Ray collimator lens, please have your original equipment manufacturer or dealer involved with Sales or Service change the shield prior to install.

Procedure Code Mapping Overview

Procedure Code Mapping is a workflow enhancement tool based on the unique DICOM tags sent from your Modality Worklist provider. The KMMI Applications Specialist will work with the site a few weeks prior to the installation to define the mapping requirements and provide a mapping tool to be used by the site for this purpose.

The AeroDR system can accept your Modality Worklist Order information in any of the following DICOM tags consisting of both Group Number and Element Numbers listed below:

- 1) Schedule Protocol Code Sequence (0040,0008)
- 2) Coding Scheme Designator (0008,0100)
- 3) Code Value (0009,0102)
- 4) Requested Procedure ID (0040,1001)
- 5) Requested Procedure Description (0032,1060)
- 6) Requested Procedure Code Sequence (0032,1064)

Additionally, site-specific Departmental Standard Views or Protocols must be provided. Using the Procedure Code Mapping Tool Assistant, your site will list these views in the order that the AeroDR system should populate the study to maximize its workflow advantage. For example, for Chest 2 Views, if your department normally exposes the PA and then the LAT view, please list them in the Mapping Tool with the PA in the first position followed by the LAT view.

CAUTION: Please note the Procedure Code Mapping file created for your unique site is computer code and therefore must match exactly the DICOM tag received from your DICOM Modality Worklist Provider. It is case sensitive, for example if your DICOM Modality Worklist Provider sends the order as "CHEST 2 Views" but you have provided the order as "Chest two views" this will appear as "No Exam, No

Exam” on AeroDR worklist. Care should be taken to provide the most current file. (For additional details and file image, please refer to Appendix B)

INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

Shipment of System

Your system will arrive by freight truck the week prior to the installation. Please make sure that you have a loading dock or other capability to receive the equipment and someone at the site that will accept the shipment and move the equipment to the storage or staging area. A KMMI Implementation Coordinator will contact your site to confirm these details in advance.

If your site requested a pre-call, the carrier will call the site contact provided to advise the timing of the upcoming delivery. The carrier will unload the shipment onto the loading dock and may also move the cartons to the designated area. If the equipment is not in the staging area or by the x-ray room, a cart should be available for the KMMI FSE to use to move the equipment during installation.

Installation of System

During the first few hours or first day of the install (depending on the number of systems), the KMMI FSE will unpack the boxes and begin to assemble and configure the system(s) in the staging area. On average, it will take approximately 4 - 8 hours for this activity for each in-room and portable system.

After the staging is complete, the FSE will need access to the x-ray room for the in-room system for approximately 4 hours per system to physically install the AeroDR components and connect to the existing x-ray generator. For stitching, one (1) day will be required for in-room setup. **During installation, down-time in the x-ray room is required. If wiring and drilling is required during the physical installation, facilities maintenance will need to be available to perform those activities.**

After the physical install, the IT resource at the site will need to work with the FSE to secure the connection to the site network and the PACS/RIS. The PACS/RIS administrator will also need to be involved to insure connectivity to the systems.

Room downtime can be reduced by insuring the necessary resources (IT, PACS/RIS & Facilities) as indicated above during the installation.

After the system is installed, the FSE will work to calibrate the panel in order to insure proper image quality. If applications are not scheduled immediately after the installation, you will still be able to use your system in prior configuration.

APPLICATIONS OVERVIEW

Configuration

The application specialist will require time initially to confirm the configuration of your unique installation. Site specific Procedure Code Mapping files, custom exam tags etc. will be loaded prior to the first full day of application training.

Training

KMMI provides a comprehensive training program for the system(s) you have purchased. Lectures and hands-on training will take place at your facility utilizing your AeroDR system(s).

Clinical Applications Training Guidelines

Applications training will be scheduled to start after your system is installed, fully functional, and ready for clinical use. We also require that all RIS, PACS and printers be installed and fully functional prior to scheduling applications training.

Consistent with industry standards, our applications training is based on a Train the Trainer concept. KMMI will train key individuals identified by your facility as your system “Super Users”. Your “Super Users” will receive training in the operation and customization of your AeroDR system(s). At the completion of training, they will be proficient in these tasks and will be your on-site resource for questions and customization requests.

The utilization of on-site “Super Users” allows you to continue training your current staff as well as new departmental technical staff in the future. We believe it is vital to keep the training classes small in order to ensure quality training.

Training Schedule

Your applications training will be designed to make maximum effective use of your department staff time. Training is conducted at your site during normal business hours (8:30—5:00 PM) using your AeroDR system.

Required Participants

Super User: Your “Super Users”, two (2) per site, will need training on each piece of the system and for all functions of the system with customizable features. When selecting your “Super Users”, keep in mind that they must attend each of the individual training sessions. All “Super Users” should be excused from their normal daily tasks during scheduled training sessions in order to take full advantage of the training provided.

Radiologist: A Radiologist or other key personnel with the authority to approve final image quality should be available throughout the entire applications training period.

Important Training Information

- On the first full day of training we recommend a reduced load of patients in order to ensure a

smooth training program.

- The number of training days will vary depending on the product class purchased. Please contact your Territory Manager for more information on the amount of training days your site will be receiving.
- Training is scheduled on site during normal business hours, typically Tuesday through Thursday between the hours of 8:30AM to 5:00PM. A lunch break, one morning and one afternoon break are included. Your training times may differ based on the required travel time for your Trainer to reach your site. Your training days will be confirmed prior to installation by your Applications Trainer.
- Travel to and from your site takes place during the business week (no weekend travel). Training will not be scheduled on Monday as it will be used for system configuration. Exceptions must be approved in advance by the Professional Service Manager.
- Training is not scheduled on weekends or holidays.
- Training is not scheduled during your “third shift”. Special arrangements may be possible for training during your “second shift”. Please contact your Professional Services Manager to discuss second shift training arrangements prior to the arrival of your Applications Trainer on site.
- Exceptions must be mutually agreed upon in writing prior to installation and may result in additional charges.

Duration of Training

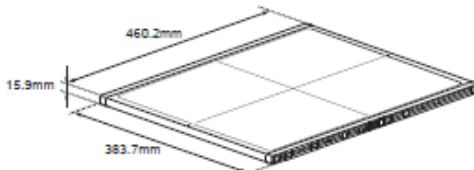
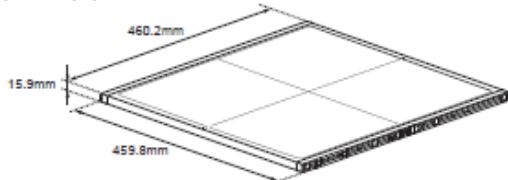
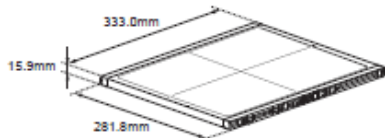
The number of hours of training will depend upon your system configuration.

Additional Training Opportunities

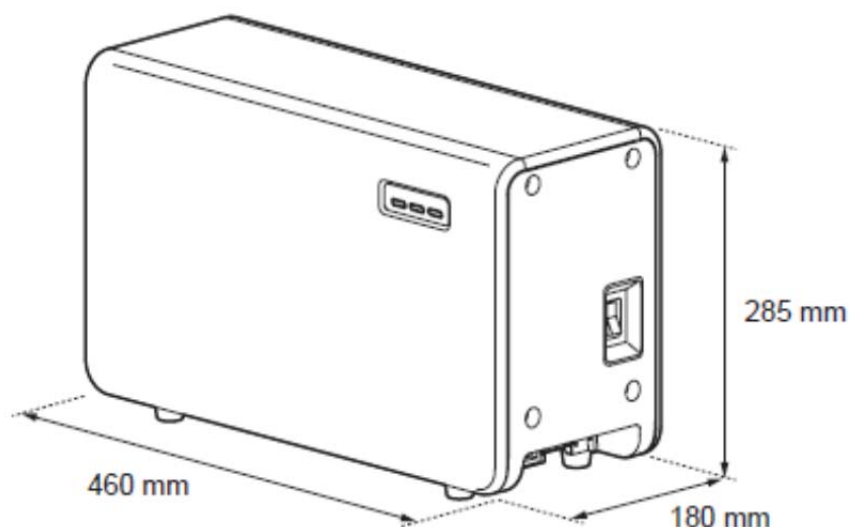
Refresher Training Courses are available for purchase. Please contact your Territory Manager for scheduling information and to arrange for these additional training courses.

APPENDIX A - Technical Specifications

AeroDR Detectors

Item	Description
Product name (model name)	AeroDR 1417HQ (AeroDR P-11) AeroDR 1417S (AeroDR P-12) AeroDR 1717HQ (AeroDR P-21) AeroDR 1012HQ (AeroDR P-31)
Detection method	Indirect conversion method
Scintillator	CsI (Cesium Iodide)
External dimensions	AeroDR 1417HQ / AeroDR 1417S: 383.7 (W)×460.2 (D)×15.9 (H)mm  AeroDR 1717HQ: 459.8 (W)×460.2 (D)×15.9 (H)mm  AeroDR 1012HQ: 281.8 (W)×333.0 (D)×15.9 (H)mm 
Weight	AeroDR 1417HQ : 2.9kg AeroDR 1417S : 2.8kg AeroDR 1717HQ : 3.6kg AeroDR 1012HQ : 1.7kg
Pixel size	175um
Image area size	AeroDR 1417HQ / AeroDR 1417S : 348.95×425.25mm (1,994×2,430pixels) AeroDR 1717HQ : 424.9×424.9mm (2,428×2,428pixels) AeroDR 1012HQ : 245.7×296.8mm (1,404×1,696pixels)
AD conversion	16bit (65,536gradients)
Usable grid frequency	40lp/cm, 34lp/cm

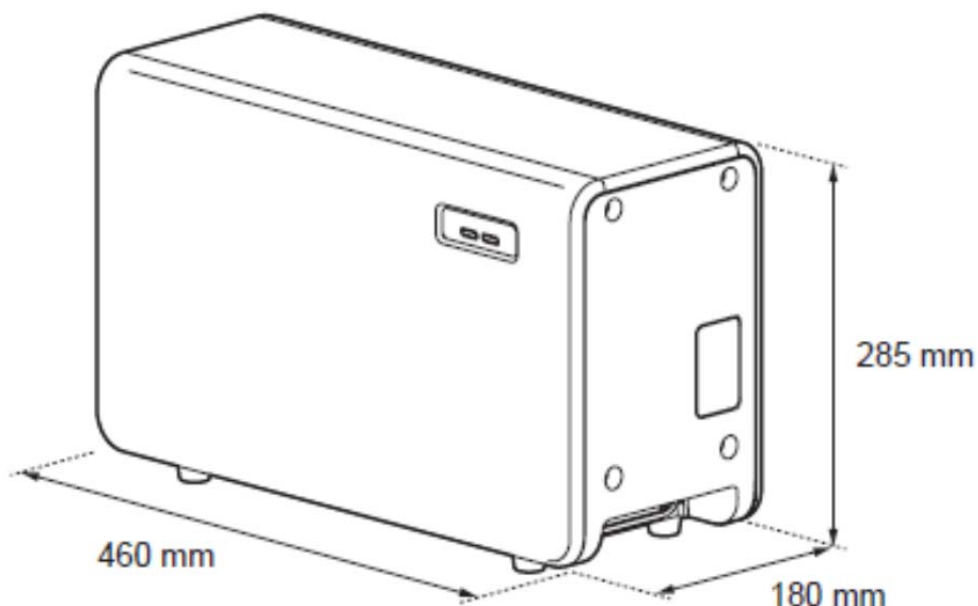
AeroDR Interface Unit (I/F)



Item	Description
Amount of connectable AeroDR Detectors	Wired connection: Up to 2 Wireless connection: Up to 4 (AeroDR Access Point is necessary when operating wireless)
Power Requirements	AC 100/110/115/120/200/220/230/240 V +/- 10%, single phase 50 / 60 Hz
Power Consumption	With the AeroDR Detector Connected: approx. 80 VA (100-240 V) Without the AeroDR Detector Connected: approx. 33 VA (100-240 V)
External Dimensions	460 (W) x 180 (D) x 285 (H) mm 18.2 (W) x 7.0 (D) x 11.2 (H) inches
Weight	11.5 kg 25.3 lbs

- One Electrical Outlet & one network drop {RJ 45} per AeroDR Interface unit.
- Two 14 gauge grounding wires are connected to this unit. One grounding wire is connected to the X/G unit. The other grounding wire is connected to the wireless access point.

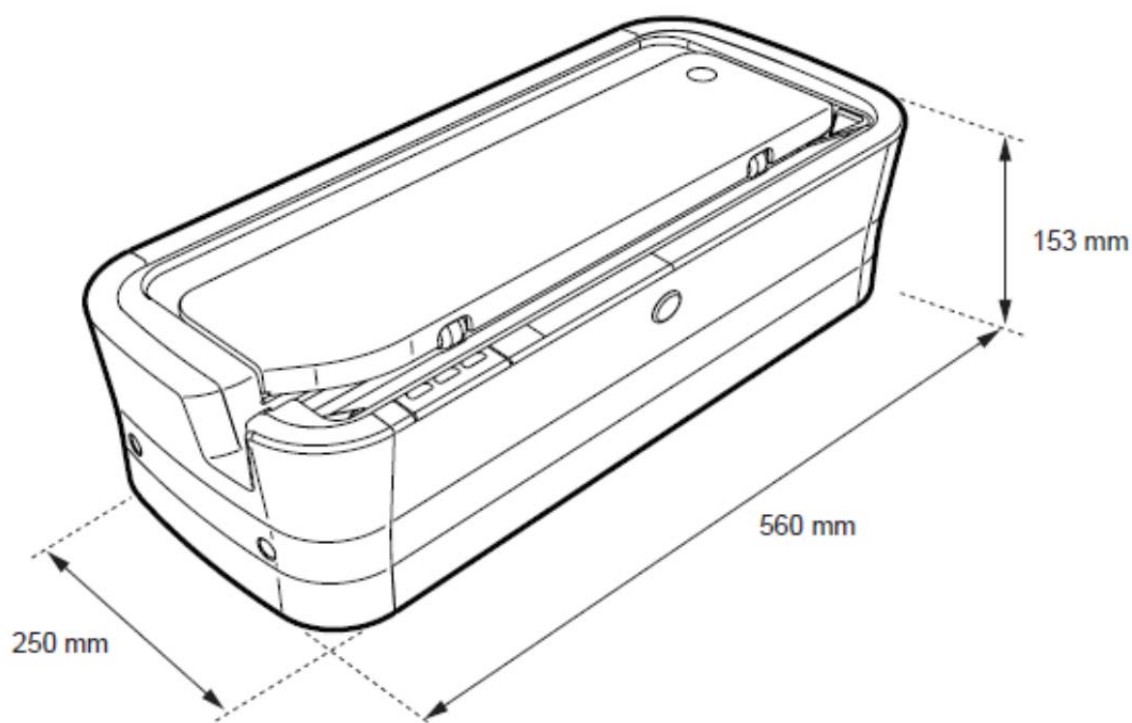
AeroDR Generator Interface Unit (X/G)



Item	Description
Power	The power for this unit is supplied from the AeroDR Interface Unit (I/F) via power over Ethernet. No electrical outlet is needed.
External Dimensions	460 (W) x 180 (D) x 285 (H) mm 18.2 (W) x 7.0 (D) x 11.2 (H) inches
Weight	7.3 kg 16.0 lbs

- This unit will need one IP address.
- No RJ-45 outlet is needed.
- The connection back to the I/F unit is done via direct network wiring between the units.

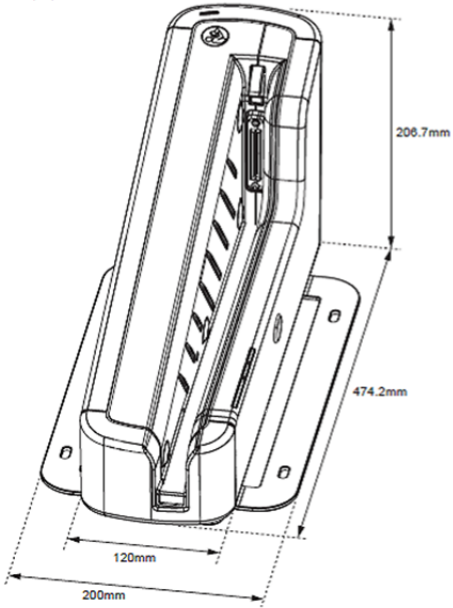
AeroDR Docking Station (14x17 & 17x17)

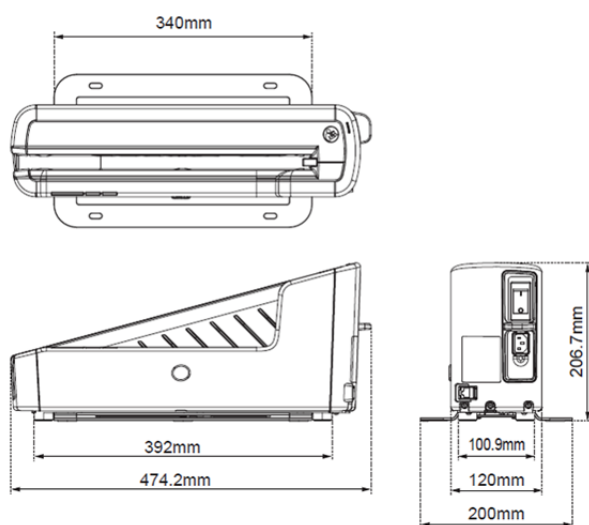


Item	Description
Power Requirements	AC 100/110/115/120/200/220/230/240 V +/- 10%, single phase 50 / 60 Hz
Power Consumption	Charging: approx. 161 VA (100-240 V) Standby: approx. 25 VA (100-240 V)
External Dimensions	560 (W) x 250 (D) x 153 (H) mm 22.0 (W) x 9.8 (D) x 6.0 (H) inches
Weight	7.2 kg 15.8 lbs

- One electrical outlet is required per docking station.
- A network cable will need to run to the site network or IF unit.
- No IP address is needed.

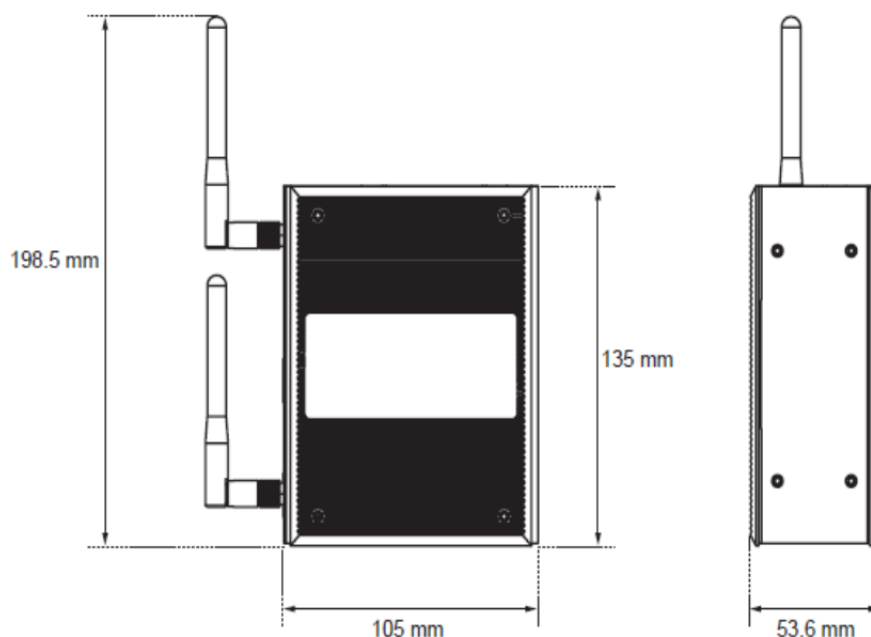
AeroDR Docking Station (10x12)

Item	Description
Product name	AeroDR Battery Charger2
Battery charging system	Automatic charging
Power requirements	AC 100/110/115/120/200/220/230/240 V $\pm$ 10%, single phase 50/60Hz
Power consumption	Charging: 180VA(100-240V) Standby : 30VA(100-240V)
External dimensions	474.2(W) $\times$ 200(D) $\times$ 206.7(H)mm 
Weight	6kg



- One electrical outlet is required per docking station.
- A network cable will need to run to the site network or IF unit.
- No IP address is needed.

AeroDR Wireless Access Point



Item	Description
Supported Standards	IEEE 802.11a (Wireless LAN) IEEE 802.3u 10/100 Base-T(X) (LAN) IEEE 802-3af (Power Over Ethernet)
Power supply	Supplied from the Aero DR Interface unit via Ethernet cable. 48 VDC PoE [IEEE 802.3af complaint]
Power Consumption	With the Aero DR Detector Connected: approx. 80 VA (100-240 V) Without the Aero DR Detector Connected: approx. 33 VA (100-240 V)
External Dimensions (without mounting hardware)	53.6 (W) x 135 (D) x 105 (H) mm 2.1 (W) x 5.3 (D) x 4.1 (H) inches
Weight	850 g 1.87 lbs
WLAN encryption	WPA-PSK (AES)

- One IP address is required.
- No power is required. The unit is powered via power over Ethernet.
- This unit has one network cable and one 14 gauge grounding wire connected.

- This unit is to be wall mounted in the X-ray room in a location determined by KMMI.

Control Station Computer



Item	Description
Power Requirements	100—240 50 / 60 Hz
Power Consumption	4 A
External Dimensions	338 (W) x 378.5 (D) x 100 (H) mm 13.3 (W) x 14.9 (D) x 3.9 (H) inches
Weight	7.6 kg 16.7 lbs

- One electrical outlet is required.
- One IP address is required.
- Network jack is required for up linking to the facilities network.

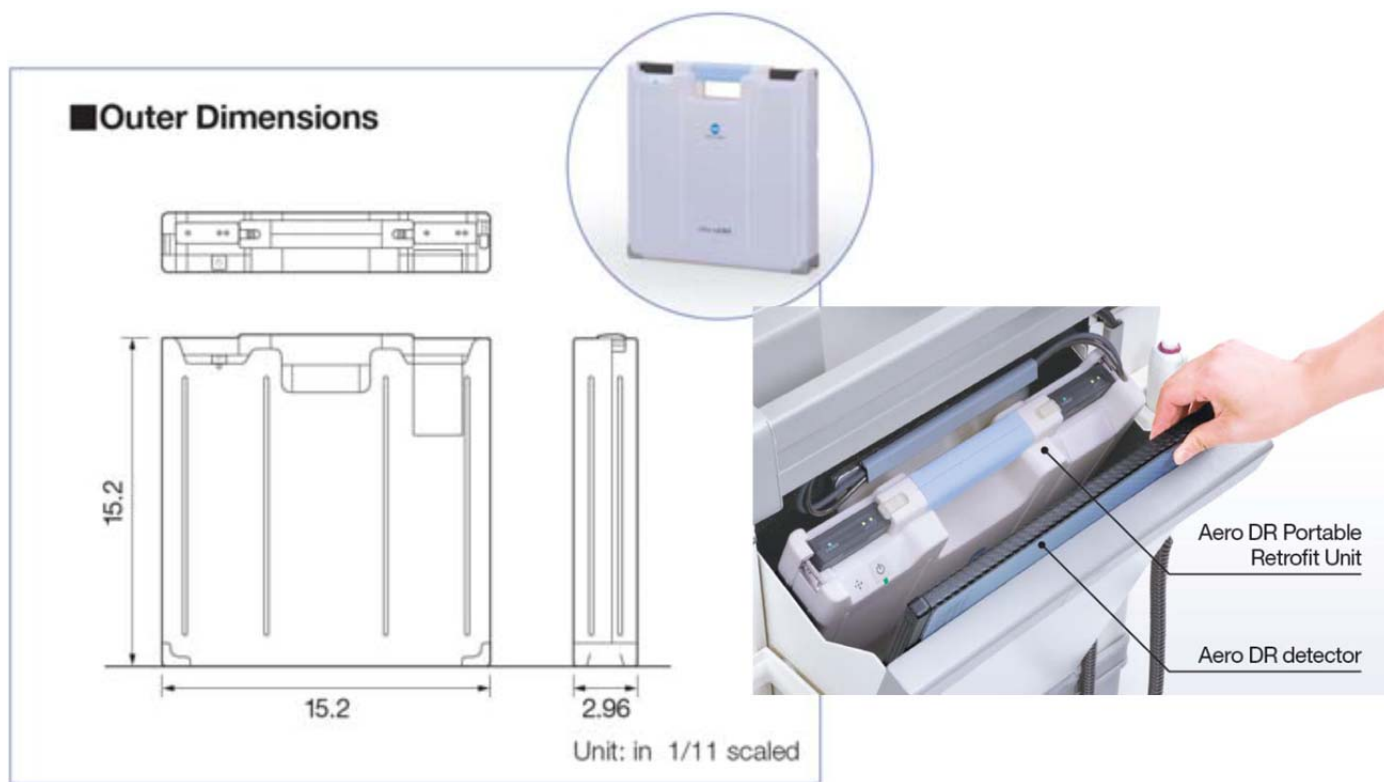
Control Station Monitor



Item	Description	
Dimensions	With Stand 414 (W) x 442.5—524.5 (H) x 208.5 (D) mm 16.3 (W) x 17.4—20.6 (H) x 8.2 (D) inches	Without Stand 414 (W) x 340 (H) x 64(D) mm 16.3 (W) x 13.4—19.9 (H) x 2.5 (D) inches
Height Adjustment Range	82 mm / 3.2 inches	
Weight	With Stand 9.0 kg / 19.8 lbs	Without Stand 6.0 kg / 13.2 lbs
Power Requirements	100—120 V / 220—240 V 50/60 Hz	
Power Consumption	40 W	

- One electrical outlet is required.

Portable Retrofit Unit



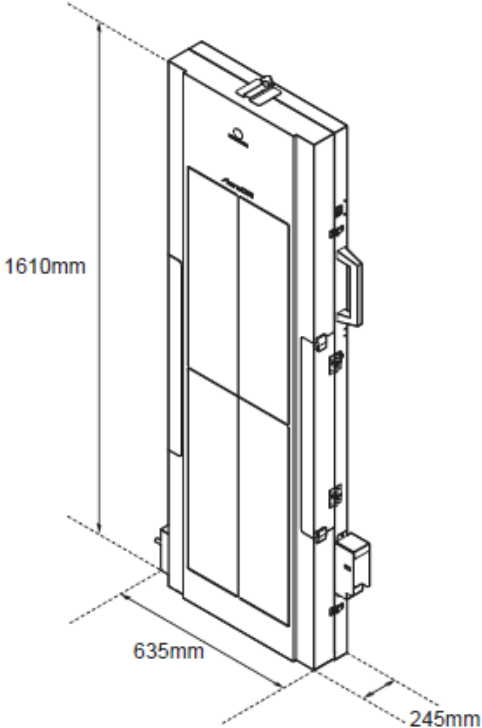
Item	Description
External Dimensions	15.2" x 15.2" x 2.96" (W x H x D)
Weight	6.3 kg 13.9 lbs
Operating time	11 hours from first use
Image Display Speed	< 3 second
Cycle Time	< 17 Seconds
Supported Standards	IEEE 802.11a (Wireless LAN) IEEE 802.3u 10/100 Base-T(X) (LAN)
WLAN encryption	WPA2-PSK (AES)

Portable CS-7 CPU/Monitor



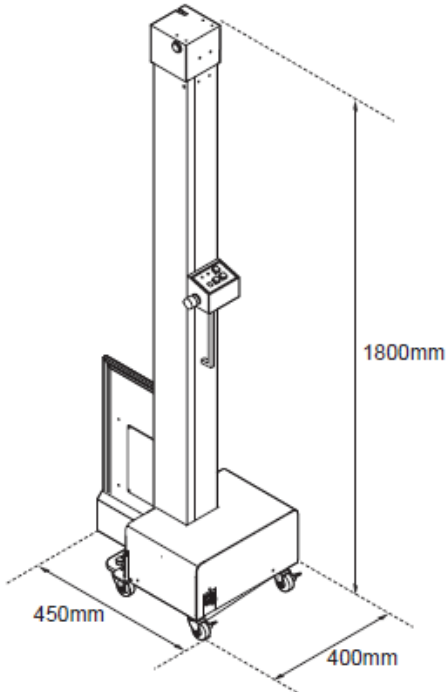
Model Name		VariPPC 819
Main Spec	CPU	Intel® Core i5 2.5GHz Intel® Core i3 2.2GHz Intel® Mobile Celeron B810 1.6GHz
	Chipset	Intel® HM65
	System Memory	Up to 4GB, 2 x SO-DIMM DDRIII 1333
	Storage	1 x SATA (2.5")HDD / SSD
Display	TFT LCD	19" LED backlight
	Brightness	350 nits
	Max. Resolution	1280x1024
	Max. Colors	16.7M
	Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.294 x 0.294
	View Angle	85/85(H Right/Left) 80/80 (V Upper/Lower)
	Contrast Ratio	1000:1
	Back Light MTBF	50,000 Hours
Projected Capacitive Touch	Transparency	90% ± 3
	Haze rate	<4%
	Activity	35 million times
IO ports	USB Port	6 x USB2.0
	Serial Port	4 x RS-232 w/RJ/5V/12V power (COM 1 / 2 : DB-9, COM 3/4 : RJ-48)
	VGA	1 X D-sub VGA
	Audio	1 x Line out / MIC in
	LPT Port	1 x Parallel port
	K/B	1 x PS/2 K/B
Network (LAN)		1 x Gigabit LAN (Support Wake-on-LAN function)
Expansion		1 x Internal Mini Card (full size Mini PCIe)
Speaker		2 x 2W Speakers
Digital IO		4 in 4 out
AC/DC Adapter		12V, 10A 120W adapter
OS Support		Windows 7 Professional for Embedded Systems, Windows Embedded Standard 7, Windows Embedded POSReady 7, Ubuntu 12
Water/Dust Resistance		Front panel IP65, IPX1 enclosure certification
Operating Temperature		0°C ~ 40°C (32°F ~ 104°F)
Vibration Resistance		Random/Operation 1.5G, 5 ~ 500Hz
Shock Resistance		20G Peak Acceleration (11ms. Duration) in operation
EMC / Safety		CE/FCC
Dimensions (W x H x D)		446 x 377 x 70 mm
Net Weight		7.3 KG
VESA Mounting		VESA 100

AeroDR Stitching Unit

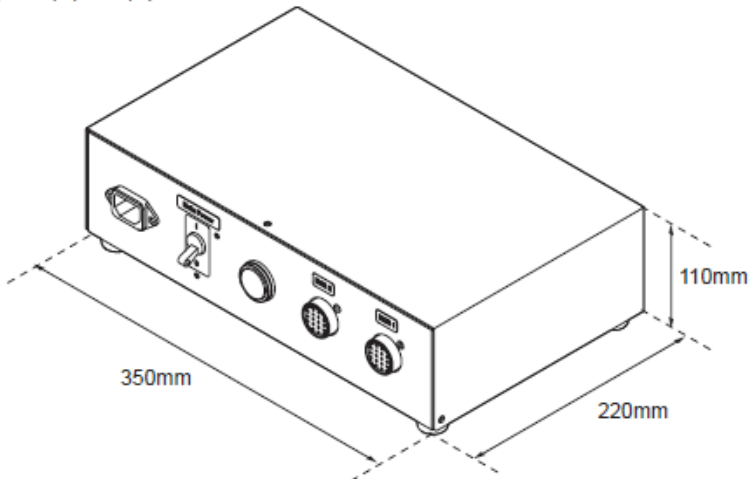
Item	Description
Product name	AeroDR Stitching Unit
External dimensions	635(W)×245(D)×1610(H)mm (including adjuster and holder grips) 
Weight	About 28kg (excluding the AeroDR Detector and grid)
Applicable AeroDR Detector	AeroDR 1417HQ AeroDR 1417S
Exposure area (effective image area)	SID 2.4m 47inch 1,196.45×349.3mm (6,836×1,996pixels) SID 2.0m 39inch 997.04×349.3mm (5,697×1,996pixels) *2/2.4=5/6 for double height only SID 1.5m 32inch 807.69×349.3mm (4,615×1,996pixels)  IMPORTANT The exposure area depends on the X-ray tube and the collimator's maximum irradiation field angle; therefore, the ranges above may not be attainable.
Power supply	Power is supplied from the Power Supply Unit via a power cable.
Max. up-and-down stroke	850mm or less

- One IP address is required.
- Network jack is required for up linking to the facilities network.

AeroDR Stitching X-Ray Auto Barrier Unit

Item	Description
Product name	AeroDR Stitching X-ray Auto Barrier Unit
External dimensions	450(W)×400(D)×1800(H)mm (Protruding amount of the mask: 100mm) * Leg area: 400 × 350mm 
Weight	About 38kg
Mask size	For obtaining 1 image Mask hole size 86.49 (W) × 90.88 (H)mm (SID 2.4m) 99.79 (W) × 105.05 (H)mm (SID 2.0m) 126.39 (W) × 133.4 (H)mm (SID 1.5m) Dimensions of Mask 236 (W) × 1 (D) × 455 (H)mm
Max. up-and-down stroke	1,390mm or less

AeroDR Stitching Power Supply Unit

Item	Description
Product name	Power Supply Unit
External dimensions	350(W)×220(D)×110(H)mm 
Weight	About 4kg
Power requirements	AC 100/110/115/120/200/220/230/240V ±10%, single phase 50/60Hz
Power consumption	Maximum value: Approx. 144VA(100-240V)

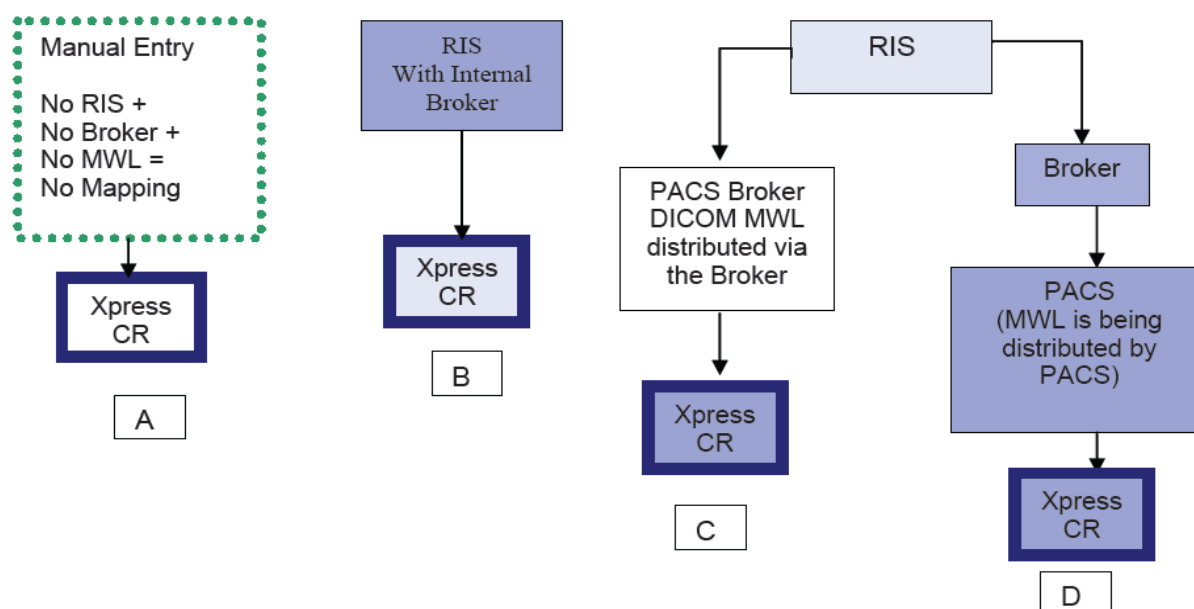
- One electrical outlet is required.

APPENDIX B - Procedure Code Mapping

Procedure Code Mapping is an advanced software function on the CS-7 which enhances workflow.

Procedure Code Mapping is generated from a DICOM Modality Worklist. Therefore, once incorporated, Procedure Code Mapping and Modality Worklist will work hand in hand. The Modality Worklist provides the ability for the AeroDR to receive patient demographics i.e. name, birthday, sex, identification number and the requested procedure description. Once the Procedure Code Mapping software is integrated, then customers can also receive pre-selected views for a requested patient study.

The diagrams below present the different ways your Aero DR system can acquire patient information to support Procedure Code Mapping. Determine which path most closely resembles your own flow of information from your Modality Worklist Provider.



In Path A, you do not have a RIS, a PACS broker or a Modality Worklist. All information is manually entered into the CS-7 by the Technologist. In this scenario, Procedure Code Mapping is not possible.

In Path B, you have a RIS which communicates the Modality Worklist directly to the CS-7. In this scenario, implementing Procedure Code Mapping is possible.

In Path C, you have a RIS and a PACS broker (all in one) which provides the DICOM Modality Worklist to the CS-7. In this scenario, implementing Procedure Code Mapping is possible.

In Path D, you have a RIS that sends information to a Broker that is independent of PACS. The Broker feeds information to the PACS system. Here the Modality Worklist is being generated and sent by PACS to the CS-7. In this scenario, as well, implementing Procedure Code Mapping is possible.

An example of the Procedure Mapping Code File is shown below for reference.

 Procedure Code Mapping													
Sample File													
This is a sample procedure code mapping file for you to reference.													
PROCEDURE	DESCRIPTION	CPT	MODALITY	VIEW1	VIEW2	VIEW3	VIEW4	VIEW5	VIEW6	VIEW7	VIEW8	VIEW9	VIEW10
7640001	ABD (2 OR MORE VIEWS)	74020	CR	ERECT AP	SUPINE KUB	SUPINE KUB	PA CHEST						
7640002	ABD COMPLETE DECUBITUS W/CXR	74022	CR	PA CHEST	R DECUB	L DECUB							
7640003	ABD SINGLE AP	74000	CR	SUPINE KUB									
7640004	ABDOMEN DECUBITUS	74000	CR	R DECUB	L DECUB								
7640006	ACROMIOCLAVICULAR JOINT AC JOINT	73050	CR	W	W/O								
7640007	AIR CONTRAST UGI	74246	CR	SCOUT	WEIGHTED								
7640008	AIR CONTRAST UGI W/SM BOWEL ST	74249	CR	SCOUT	SCOUT	SUPINE PA	SUPINE PA	SUPINE PA					
7640009	ARTHROGRAM LT ELBOW	73085	CR	L AP	L								
7640010	ARTHROGRAM LT HIP	73525	CR	L AP	L								
7640011	ARTHROGRAM LT KNEE	73580	CR	L AP	L								
7640012	ARTHROGRAM LT WRIST	73115	CR	L AP	L								
7640013	ARTHROGRAM RT ELBOW	73085	CR	R AP	R LATERAL								
7640014	ARTHROGRAM RT HIP	73525	CR	RT AP	RT LATERAL								
7640015	ARTHROGRAM RT KNEE	73580	CR	RT AP	RT LATERAL								
7640016	ARTHROGRAM RT WRIST	73115	CR	RT AP	RT LATERAL								
7640017	ARTHROGRAM SHOULDER LT	73040	CR	L INTERNAL	L EXTERNAL								
7640018	ARTHROGRAM SHOULDER RT	73040	CR	R AP	R LATERAL								
7640021	BE W/AIR CONTRAST	74280	CR	SCOUT	AP	PA	SIGMOID	R DECUB	L DECUB	RECTUM	EVAC		
7640022	BE W/O AIR CONTRAST	74270	CR	SCOUT	AP	PA	SIGMOID	R OBLIQUE	L OBLIQUE	RECTUM	EVAC		
7640023	BI TM JOINTS CLOSED W/TOMO	70330	CR	R CLOSED	R CLOSED	R CLOSED	L CLOSED	L CLOSED	L CLOSED				
7640024	BIL EYE FB	70030	CR	PA	LAT								
7640025	BIL MASTOIDS	70130	CR	R STENVERS	R LAW	R TOWNES	L STENVERS	L LAW	L TOWNES				
7640026	BIL ORBITS	70200	CR	PA	LATERAL	WATERS	R RHEESE	L RHEESE					
7640027	BIL RIBS	71111	CR	PA CHEST	AP	AP	PA OBLIQUE						
7640028	BIL TM JOINTS OPEN W/TOMO	70330	CR	R OPEN	R OPEN	R OPEN	L OPEN	L OPEN	L OPEN				
7640029	BIL HIP	73520	CR	R AP	R LATERAL	L AP	L LATERAL						
7640030	BONE AGE STUDY	76020	CR	PA LEFT HAND									
7640035	BONE SURVEY COMPLETE	76062	CR	PA SKULL	LAT SKULL	AP CHEST	LAT CHEST	LAT C-SPINE	LAT T-SPINE	LAT L-SPINE	PELVIS	R AP HUMEROUS	L AP HUMEROUS
7640036	BOTH KNEES STANDING AP	73565	CR	AP	R LATERAL	L LATERAL							
7640038	CERVICAL SPINE (3 VIEW)	72040	CR	AP	LATERAL	ODONTOID	SWIMMERS						
7640039	CERVICAL SPINE (4 OR MORE VIEWS)	72050	CR	AP	LATERAL	R OBLIQUE	L OBLIQUE	ODONTOID	SWIMMERS				
7640040	CHEST AP PORTABLE	71010	CR	AP	PORTABLE								